

Intervals in Clairnote Music Notation

The image displays 12 musical staves, each illustrating a different interval in Clairnote notation. The intervals are arranged in a 4x3 grid:

- Row 1: 2nds, Minor (1); 4ths, Perfect (5); 6ths, Major (9)
- Row 2: 2nds, Major (2); Tritones (6); 7ths, Minor (10)
- Row 3: 3rds, Minor (3); 5ths, Perfect (7); 7ths, Major (11)
- Row 4: 3rds, Major (4); 6ths, Minor (8); Octaves (12)

Each staff shows a sequence of notes on a five-line staff, demonstrating the visual characteristics of the interval. The notes are arranged in a way that highlights similarities in their appearance across different intervals.

The intervals are arranged to highlight similarities in their appearance. Notice how the intervals in each row share certain visual characteristics. For example, the intervals on the bottom row always contain two solid notes or two hollow notes, the notes are always both on a line or both on a space, and the notes are in the same position relative to the nearest staff line (or ledger line).